**TUẦN 1: (6/9 -11/9)**

**TIẾT 1: REVISION**

**1.Simple present tense.**

**FORMS :**

**\*Odinary verbs:**

 (+) S( I YOU, WE,THEY…) + V1

 S ( HE,SHE , IT…) + V-s/ V-es: (o,ch,x ss,sh…)

 (-) S+ don’t / doesn’t+ V1

 (Wh?) Do/Does+S+V?

**\*TO BE:**

(+) S+ am ,is,are+O

(-) S+ am,is,are+ not+O

(?) Am, Is, Are+S +O?

**Adverbs of time**: Always ,usually, often, sometimes, never, every, each,……

EX: I( speak) English every day. \_ Speak

 Hoa ( not /listen) to music every evening. \_ doesn’t listen

 \_\_\_\_\_ You often (go) to the zoo? \_ Do/go

 They(be) teachers. \_are

**2.Simple past tense:**

**FORMS:**

* **Ordinary verbs:**

(+) S + V2/Ved…

(-) S + didn’t+ V1…

(?) Did + S + V1?

**\*TO BE:**

(+) S + (I,HE,SHE,IT…) + was…

(-) S + (YOU/WE/THEY…) + were…

(?) Was/ Were + S + …?

**Adverbs of time**:: ago, yesterday, last week/month/year), in 2020…..

EX. When I (be)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a child, I (go)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to this school. 🡪was/went

 They(not/ see)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her yesterday. 🡪didn’t see

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lan ( play) game 2 days ago? 🡪Did/play

**EXERCISES**

**I Supply the correct verb forms.**

1. I often(drop)…………… things.
2. She(drink) …………………tea for every meal.
3. Mary usually………………..(forget) things
4. We never(lose) ………………..things.
5. Water (boil) …………………at 100o C.
6. She(drive)…………………….to London twice a week.
7. The students(write) ………………..a dictation every week.
8. My mother sometimes( go)……………………….. to the park.
9. I(finish)……………………..early yesterday
10. Lan (clean) …………………….her room last Friday.
11. She (find)…………………….. this very old bottle on the beach yesterday.
12. I (watch) ……………………….TV yesterday morning.
13. I(play) ………………………..cards last night.
14. She (post)………………………. my letter two days ago.
15. Hoa (have )…………………………. a car 5 years ago.
16. We(see) ………………………….him yesterday.
17. They ( finish )………………………………it an hour ago.
18. I(not/see) ………………………………him last month.
19. Lan( sing ) …………………………….this song last year.
20. We( buy) ……………………………………..this book in 2000.

**TUẦN 1: (6/9 – 11/9)**

**TIẾT 2 UNIT 1 : MY FRIENDS**

A. **NEW WORDS:**

I. **Getting started - Listen & Read**

1. seem (v) + Adj. dường như, có vẻ như

2. receive (v) sth from sb nhận cái gì từ ai đó

3. next-door neighbor hàng xóm sát vách (kế bên)

4. look like trông như

 What does she look like? Cô ấy trông như thế nào?

5. slim (a) thon, mảnh khảnh

6. smile (n) nụ cười

 smile (v) at mỉm cười với

7. laugh (v) at cười, chế giễu

8. at Christmas vào Giáng sinh

 on Christmas Eve vào đêm Giáng sinh

9. enough to + V1: đủ để mà …

**B. Quy tắc về trật tự tính từ**

 Adj + noun / Be + adj

Trật tự tính từ: **Op → S → A → Sh → C → O → M → P**

1. Op: Opinion : quan điểm, ý kiến

Ex: Beautiful, great, lovely, nice, awesome,…

2. S: Size: Kích thước, kích cỡ

Ex: Long, short, big, small, tall,…

3. A: Age: tuổi

Ex: Old, new, young, ancient, modern,…

4. Sh: Shape: kiểu dáng

Ex: Straight, curly, round, square, oval,…

5. C: Color = Colour : màu sắc

Ex: Red, blue, black, white, green, gray / grey, orange, brown, pink,…

6. O : Origin: nguồn gốc

Ex: Japanese, Korean, Chinese, Swiss, Italian, English,…

7. M: Material: Chất liệu

Ex: Cotton, plastic, golden, wooden, woolen,…..

8. P: Purpose: Mục đích

Ex: Running, wrapping, swimming,…

**Example:** +) I have long straight black hair.

 +) Tom has short black hair.

 +) A luxurious big new red Japanese car*.*

 +) A lovely big new square blue Japanese iron running car

**Arrange the adjectives in brackets in the correct order.**

1. It is a (wooden/ round) table.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

2. She is wearing a (green/ new/ beautiful) dress.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

3. What a (sunny/ lovely) day!

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

4. My uncle lives in a (old/ lovely/ small) house.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

5. That girl has (blue/ nice/ big) eyes.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

6. He gave me (black/ leather) gloves.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

7. My teacher has a (round/ pink/ small) face.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

8. It’s a (small/ metal/ black) box.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

9. Mrs. Thanh has a (black/ long/ straight) hair.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

10. She has (green/ nice/ big) eyes.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

11. Liz has a (blue/ thick) book.

→……………………………………………………………………………………………

 

EXERCISES

Arrange the adjectives in the brackets in the correct order.

1.Mrs Thanh has(black/long/straight) hair.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2.It is a( wooden/round) table.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3.She is wearing a(green/new/beautiful) dress.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4.What a (sunny/ lovely) day!

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5.My uncle lives in a( old/lovely/small)house.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6.That girl has(blue/nice/big )eyes.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**TUẦN 2:** ( 13/9 – 18/9)

**TIẾT 3: UNIT 1: READ**

**NEW WORDS**

* 1. lucky (a) may mắn
* 2. enough (a) đủ
*  I’m lucky enough to have a lot of friends.
*  She’s not old enough to be in my class.
*  I don’t have enough money to get this book.
* 3. however (conj) tuy nhiên,
* 4. character (n) tính cách
* 5. sociable = outgoing (a) hòa đồng, hướng ngoại
* 6. generous (a) rộng lượng, phóng khoáng
* 7. volunteer (v) tình nguyện
* 8. local (a) địa phương
* 9. orphanage (n) trại mồ côi
*  orphan (n) trẻ mồ côi
* 10. unlike (adv) không giống như
* 11. reserved (a) khép kín, ít nói, hướng nội
* 12. public (n) công cộng, chốn đông người
*  reserved in public ít nói khi ra ngoài chốn đông người
* 13. humorous (a) hài hước
*  sense of humor (n) óc hài hước, tiếu lâm
* 14. peace (n) yên bình
* 15. joke (n) trò đùa
*  tell a joke (v) nói đùa, nói chơi, nói giỡn
* 16. annoy (v) làm bực mình, gây khó chịu
* 17. although (conj) mặc dù

**WORD FORMS**

* + - 1. beauty (n) beautiful(adj) beautifully (adv)
		- 2. luck (n) lucky (adj) luckily(adv)
		- 3. love (n)/(v) lovely (adj)
		- 4. generosity (n) generous (adj) generously(adv)
		- 5. volunteer (n) volunteer (n) voluntary(adj)
		- 6. orphanage (n) orphan (n)
		- 7. sociability (n) sociable(adj) sociably(adv)
		- 8. humor(n) humorous (adj) humorously (adv)
		- 9. extreme (adj) extremely (adv)
		- 10 .peace (n) peaceful (adj)
		- 11. difference (n) different (adj) differently (adv)
		- 12. library (n) librarian (n)

I. Supply the correct word form.

1. People in my country are very warm and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (friend)

2. An\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a child whose parents are dead. (orphanage)

3. L.A. Hill is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ writer. (humor)

4. I’m\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_sorry for the delay. (extreme)

5. She looks more\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_than her sister. (beautifully)

6. They were very\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to survive a shipwreck. (luck)

7. I love the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_of summer evenings in town. (peaceful)

8. Those cats look \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(love)

9. Bao is very\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-, kind and generous. (social)

10. Each of my friends has a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_character. (difference)

11. My best friend is very\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (reserve)

12. There are some\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_between us. (different)

13. Tim is one of the best \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(play)

14. Her brother is very famous for his\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (generous)

15. My son is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_boy at home. (help)

1. Choose the best answer and write.

Ba is talking about his friends.

I am lucky enough to have a lot of friends. Of all my friends, Bao, Khai, and Song are the ones I spend most of my time with. Each of us, however, has a different character.

Bao is the most sociable. He is also extremely kind and generous. He spends his free time doing volunteer work at a local orphanage, and he is a hard-working student who always gets good grades.

Unlike Bao, Khai and Song are quite reserved in public. Both boys enjoy school, but they prefer to be outside the classroom. Song is our school’s star soccer player, and Khai likes the peace and quiet of the local library.

I am not as outgoing as Bao, but I enjoy telling jokes. My friends usually enjoy my sense of humor. However, sometimes my jokes annoy them.

Although we have quite different characters, the four of us are very close friends.

**Task 1. Choose the best answer and write.**

**a)** Ba talks about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of his friends.

A. three             B. all

C. four              D. none

**b)** Bao’s volunteer work \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. helps him make friends

B. causes problems at exam time

C. does not affect his school work

D. takes up a lot of time

**c)** Khai and Song\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. like quiet places

B. don’t talk much in public

C. dislike school

D. enjoy sports

**d)** Ba's friends sometimes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_his jokes.

A. answer                    B. do not listen to

C. laugh at                  D. get tired of

**Task 2. Now answer the questions.**

1. How does Ba feel having a lot of friends?

………………………………………………………

1. Who is the most sociable?

…………………………………………………….

1. Who likes reading?

…………………………………………………….

1. What is a bad thing about Ba’s jokes?

…………………………………………………..

1. Where does Bao spend his free time?

……………………………………………………

1. Do you and your close friends have the same or different characters?

………………………………………………………………………

**Task 3**. **MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. He is not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_get married

A. enough old to B. enough old for

C. old enough to D. old enough for

1. I find Peter is not sociable. He's rather\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in public.
2. kind B. reserved C. communicative D. humorous
3. That boy has short\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hair.
	1. curly B. oval C. tall D. reserved
4. That film star is tall and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	1. short B. long C. slim  D. straight
5. A home for children whose parents are dead is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	1. resort B. hotel C. orphanage D motel
6. Generosity is part of the Vietnamese \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	1. straightness B. orphanage C. joke D character
7. He likes telling jokes. He has a good sense of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. volunteer B. character C. pleasure D. humor

1. The boy is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_student. He always gets good grades.

A. kind B. generous C. hard-working D. reserved

1. Everyone loves him because of his good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. person B. character C. member D. public

1. John\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a letter from his aunt yesterday.

A. gave B, wrote C- received D. posted

**TIẾT 4: UNIT 1: LANGUAGE FOCUS**

**. Grammar : Enough + to V ( đủ để làm…..)**

**I/ Cách dùng enough trong câu**

“Enough” được dùng với tính từ và trạng từ. “Enough” đứng sau tính từ và trạng từ, sau “enough” là một động từ nguyên thể có “To”

S + tobe + adj + enough + (for SB) + to infinitive

S + V + adv + enough + (for SB) + to infinitive

Note: SB là tân ngữ (O)

Ex1: She is tall enough to reach the picture on the wall.

Ex2: The water is warm enough to wash the clothes.

Ex3: He runs fast enough to get the first prize.

*Cấu trúc enough dạng phủ định:*

S + tobe not + adj + enough + (for SB) + to infinitive

S + don’t/doesn’t/didn’t +V + adv + enough + (for SB) + to infinitive

Ex:  She is not tall enough to reach the picture on the wall.

The water is not warm enough to wash the clothes.

He doessn’t run fast enough to get the first prize.

*Cấu trúc enough với danh từ*

“Enough” cũng được dùng với danh từ. Khi đó “enough” đứng trước danh từ.

 S + V + enough + noun + (for SB) + to infinitive

Ex:   I don’t have enough money to  buy that car.

She has enough time to finish her exercises.

There is enough food in the fridge for us to eat during the weekend.

**\*3 nguyên tắc cần nhớ khi dùng enough để nối câu**

*Nguyên tắc 1*: Nếu trước tính từ, trạng từ trong câu có các trạng từ: too, so, very, quite, extremely... Trước danh từ có many, much, a lot of, lots of thì phải bỏ.

**Ví dụ 1: He is very intelligent. He can do it.**

$\rightarrow $~~He is very intelligent enough to do it~~

$\rightarrow $He is intelligent enough to do it. (đúng)

**Ví dụ 2: He has a lot of money. He can buy a car.**

$\rightarrow $~~He has enough a lot of money to buy a car.~~

$\rightarrow $He has enough money to buy a car. (đúng)

*Nguyên tắc 2*: Nếu chủ từ hai câu giống nhau thì bỏ phần for sb

**Ví dụ: Tom is strong. He can lift the box.**

$\rightarrow $~~Tom is strong enough for him to lift the box.~~

$\rightarrow $Tom is strong enough to lift the box. (đúng)

**The weather is fine. Mary and her little brother can go to school.**

$\rightarrow $~~The weather is fine enough to go to school.~~

$\rightarrow $ The weather is fine enough for Mary and her little brother to go to school. (đúng)

\* Tuy nhiên nếu chủ từ câu sau có ý chung chung thì cũng có thể bỏ đi

Ví dụ: The sun is not warm .We can't live on it.

$\rightarrow $The sun is not warm enough to live on. (we ở đây chỉ chung chung, mọi người)

*Nguyên tắc 3*: Nếu chủ từ câu đầu và túc từ câu sau là một thì phải bỏ túc từ câu sau

Ví dụ: The water is quite warm. I can drink it.

$\rightarrow $~~The water is warm enough for me to drink it.~~

$\rightarrow $The water is warm enough for me to drink. (đúng)

**EXERCISES**

**I/ Combine each of the following pairs of sentences into one sentence, using S + to be + (not) + Adj + enough + to infinitive.**

1. My sister is old. She can drive a car.

→………………………………………………………………………………………………………………...

2. The radio isn’t small. You can’t put it in your pocket.

→………………………………………………………………………………………………………………...

3. This coat isn’t warm. I don’t wear it in winter.

→………………………………………………………………………………………………………………...

4. She is beautiful and intelligent. She can become Miss World.

→………………………………………………………………………………………………………………...

5. The weather was fine. We could go camping.

→………………………………………………………………………………………………………………...

6. Those apples aren’t ripe. We can’t eat them.

→………………………………………………………………………………………………………………...

7. Mr. Robinson isn’t rich. He can’t buy a house.

→………………………………………………………………………………………………………………...

8. The worker is clever. He can make fine things from wood.

→………………………………………………………………………………………………………………...

9. He is strong. He can carry that suitcase.

→………………………………………………………………………………………………………………...

10. The fire isn’t very hot. It won’t boil a kettle.

→…………………………………………………………………………………………